**COURSE GUIDE** 

# **Sociology of the Life Course** (21411B8)

**Approval date: 19/06/2024** 

Grado (Bachelor's Degree)	Grado en Sociología			Branch	ı	Social and Legal Sciences		
Module Sociología Aplicada al Ámbito				Subjec	t	Sociology of the Life Course		
Module	de la Educación y la Cultura			Subjec	Subject Soc			
Year of study 2	o Sem	ester 1º	ECTS Credits	6	_	ourse type	Elective course	

## PREREQUISITES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure the viability and academic quality of teaching and learning in a foreign language, it is important that the students enrolled have the necessary competences to be able to deal with the course successfully. For this reason, a recommended B2 or higher level of English (CEFR's framework) is established for students intending to enroll in this course. Students with a B1 language level (or lower) should refrain from registering.

PLEASE, TAKE THIS RECOMMENDATION INTO ACCOUNT SERIOUSLY WHEN CONSIDERING REGISTRATION FOR THIS COURSE. Should you have any question, please get in touch with the course's lecturer at marianos@ugr.es

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE CONTENT (According to the programme's verification report)

- Concepts and theories about age and ageing from a life-course perspective.
- Age stratification, integration and differentiation in social structures.
- The ageing and society paradigm.
- Life-course trajectories, transitions and institutionalisation.
- Social problems and inequalities across the life course.

#### **SKILLS**

## **GENERAL SKILLS**

- CG01 Ability to analyse and summarise
- CG04 Ability to manage information
- CG07 Ability to communicate results and knowledge
- CG08 Ability to work in a team
- CG10 Ability to cater for diversity and multiculturalism
- CG11 Ability to engage in critical reasoning
- CG12 Ethical commitment



- CG14 Commitment to respect for human rights and non-discrimination
- CG15 Ability to learn autonomously
- CG16 Ability to adapt to new situations
- CG18 Knowledge of other cultures and traditions
- CG22 Ability to recognise the global and local character of social phenomena
- CG24 Ability to recognise the complexity of social phenomena
- CG25 Ability to relate knowledge of sociology to other related disciplines

## SUBJECT-SPECIFIC SKILLS

- CE01 Understand the main concepts and generalisations regarding human society and its processes
- CE02 Learning of history, theory and its main schools to the present day
- CEO4 Knowledge of the methodology of the social sciences and its basic and advanced techniques (quantitative and qualitative) in social research, with special attention to aspects of sampling and applicable software
- CE06 Knowledge of the basic components of social inequalities and cultural differences
- CE13 Skills to propose and develop applied research in the different areas of society
- CE14 Skills in the search for secondary information from different sources (official institutions, libraries, internet, etc.)
- CE15 Technical skills for producing and analysing quantitative and qualitative data (interpreting and constructing figures, tables, graphs, as well as writing reports, etc.)
- CE16 Abilities in developing, using and interpreting social indicators and social measurement instruments
- CE18 Know how to choose the relevant social research techniques (quantitative and qualitative) at any given moment
- CE20 Ability to recognise the complexity of social phenomena
- CE21 Ability to contribute to the design of public policies aimed at addressing social problems
- CE22 Ability to establish and implement social intervention programmes and projects
- CE23 Ability to evaluate public policy and social intervention projects, as well as their results
- CE34 Ability to relate knowledge of sociology to that of other related disciplines
- CE35 Critical attitude towards social doctrines and practices
- CE37 Attitude of commitment to social and cultural problems

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Being able to identify and critically assess the basic components and theories of the lifecourse paradigm through a sociological lens.
- Getting acquainted with and evaluating the ways in which social context, social history, and social structures affect and are affected by individual life courses.
- Getting familiar with some of the quantitative and qualitative methodologies used to study the life course.
- Envisaging pathways for professionalisation in Sociology linked to life-course developments.

## PLANNED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

## THEORY SYLLABUS



- 1a. Life course: It is about time!
- 2a. Age, the life course, and the sociological imagination.
- 3a. Structuration and institutionalisation of the life course.
- 4a. The craft of life-course studies.

### PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

- 1b. Integrating varieties of life-course concepts. Distinguishing age, period, and cohort effects.
- 2b. Identifying life-course events: timing, duration and sequencing.
- 3b. Generational and intergenerational connections across the life course.
- 4b. Data collection and measurement. Strategies for analysis.

#### RECOMMENDED READING

#### ESSENTIAL READING

- Dannefer, D. (2021). Age and the reach of sociological imagination. Power, ideology and the life course. Routledge.
- Heinz, W. R., Huinink, J., & Weymann, A. (Eds.). (2009). The life course reader. Individuals and societies across time. Campus Verlag.
- Wingens, M. (2022). Sociological life course research. Springer.

#### COMPLEMENTARY READING

- Adam, B. (1990). Time and social theory. John Wiley & Sons.
- Levy, R., & Widmer, E. D. (2013). Gendered life courses between standardization and individualization: a European approach applied to Switzerland. Lit.

## RECOMMENDED LEARNING RESOURCES/TOOLS

• LIVES. Swiss Centre of Expertise in Life Course Research

## **TEACHING METHODS**

- MD01 Master class/lecture
- MD02 Discussion and debate sessions
- MD03 Problem solving and practical case studies
- MD06 Computer room sessions
- MD07 Seminars
- MDo8 Simulation exercises
- MD09 Source and document analysis
- MD10 Group projects
- MD11 Individual work



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# ASSESSMENT METHODS (Instruments, criteria and percentages)

#### ORDINARY EXAMINATION DIET

In order to emphasise continuous assessment, both with regard to the learning of content and the acquisition of competences, a diversified assessment system is established based on the following instruments:

- A) Assessment of cognitive competences:
  - Individual final exam [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) understanding of theoretical content covered throughout the course; 2) use of specialised language; 3) use of diverse theoretical content when analysing a given issue. Weighting: 30% of the final grade (up to 3 points).
- B) Assessment of instrumental competences:
  - B.1. Practical seminars and activities [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) topic contextualisation; 2) literature review; 3) clarity of presentation; 4) technical accuracy in the use of scientific knowledge; 5) methodological mastery.
     Weighting: 50% of the final grade (up to 5 points). Instrument B1 shall be taken into account only in the case of students who have attended at least 80% of our seminars.
  - B.2. [optional] Students may get up to 1.5 of B.1.'s 5 points by participating in activities within the framework of the Open Education Programme carried out at the Faculty of Political Sciences and Sociology. The lecturer shall provide instructions on how to get involved in Open Education activities as part of the course's continuous assessment system.
- C) Evaluation of attitudinal competences:
  - [optional] Individual planned contributions in either lectures or seminars.
     Assessment criterion: 1) connection to the course; 2) contribution's originality and thoroughness. Weighting: 20% of the final grade (up to 2 points). This instrument shall be taken into account only in the case of students who have attended at least 80% of our seminars.

## EXTRAORDINARY EXAMINATION DIET

Students who do not pass the course in the ordinary session, will be able to pass the course in the extraordinary one by means of the following instruments:

- D) Assessment of cognitive competences:
  - Individual exam on the course's theoretical contents [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) understanding of theoretical content covered throughout the course;
    use of specialised language;
    use of diverse theoretical content when analysing a given issue. Weighting:
    of the final grade.
- E) Assessment of instrumental and attitudinal competences:
  - Individual exam on the course's practical contents [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) understanding of practical content covered throughout the course; 2) use of specialised language; 3) use of diverse practical tools when analysing a given issue. Weighting: 70% of the final grade.

These exams can be prepared through using the sources and materials made available to students on PRADO.

Students who, by virtue of the continuous evaluation system, have achieved, in the framework of the ordinary evaluation system, some of the competences mentioned above, may attend these extraordinary exams under specific conditions that will be established in due time.

SINGLE FINAL ASSESSMENT (evaluación única final)



Those students who cannot follow the continuous evaluation assessment system for reasons regarding work, health, disability, mobility programs or any other duly justified may apply to the Head of the Department of Sociology, in the way and within the deadlines established in Article 8 of the current "Normativa de evaluación y de calificación de los estudiantes de la Universidad de Granada", may apply for the single final assessment. The lecturer of the course is not competent to grant this type of evaluation. As far as possible, students should follow the continuous evaluation system.

In the case of the single final assessment, the following instruments apply:

- F) Assessment of cognitive competences:
  - Individual exam on the course's theoretical contents [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) understanding of theoretical content covered throughout the course;
    2) use of specialised language;
    3) use of diverse theoretical content when analysing a given issue. Weighting:
    50% of the final grade.
- G) Assessment of instrumental and attitudinal competences:
  - Individual exam on the course's practical contents [mandatory]. Assessment criteria: 1) understanding of practical content covered throughout the course; 2) use of specialised language; 3) use of diverse practical tools when analysing a given issue. Weighting: 50% of the final grade.

These exams can be prepared through using the sources and materials made available to students on PRADO.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- 1) Following recommendations by CRUE Universidades Españolas and the Secretariat for Inclusion and Diversity of the UGR, the systems of acquisition and evaluation of competences included in this guide will be carried out in accordance with the principle of design for all people, facilitating learning and knowledge demonstration according to the specific needs and functional diversity of the students.
- 2) In this course, regarding the teaching of instrumental competences, PoliSocioLAB (Laboratories of the Faculty of Political Sciences and Sociology) may be used. PoliSocioLAB includes the Quantitative Studies Laboratory (SPSS, R, Visual QSL, Bellview Cati, Phyton...), the Qualitative Studies and Multimedia Analysis Laboratory (NVIVO, QDA miner liter, Gephy...) and the Radio Laboratory. Depending on the coordination of the teaching with other courses, such use may take place during the regular teaching schedule of the course or outside our regular schedule as complementary non–mandatory sessions.
- 3) It is reminded that the University of Granada has a Protocol to prevent, avoid and deal with possible situations of harassment of any kind. To this regard, please read this DECLARATION.
  4) How does the "Sociology of the Life Course" course connect with sociologists' professional practice? Professor Matthias Wingens has explained that life-course studies are about "relating the dynamics of social structures to the dynamics of life courses and analyzing their interactions". Moreover, he makes this interesting remark: "Life course research is primarily interested in the asynchronies or synchronization problems between the social and the individual time dimension". A good example to this regard are efforts for facilitation of workfamily reconciliation. Another example touches transitions into retirement and their impact on workers' lives depending on age, cohort and period effects. Generally speaking, the planning, implementation and evaluation of programs and policies articulating welfare regimes would need at some point input from life-course sociologists since temporalization and chronologization of our lives have increased dramatically.
- 5) Several videos on career guidance and professional experiences related to the Sociology degree can watched on the <u>Faculty's YouTube channel</u>. Likewise, the <u>guide of professional opportunities</u> <u>of the Bachelor's Degree in Sociology</u> published by the University of Granada describes various job opportunities in this field.



Información de interés para estudiantado con discapacidad y/o Necesidades Específicas de Apoyo Educativo (NEAE): Gestión de servicios y apoyos (https://ve.ugr.es/servicios/atencionsocial/estudiantes-con-discapacidad).

